



## TURKEY DENIES

Reports of Conspiracies and Plots Against the Porte.

## SAYS ARMENIANS ARE AGGRESSORS.

An Emphatic Official Denial of Recent Dispatches Received by the Legation in Washington—Alleged That the Reports Have Been Sent by Newspaper Correspondents Who Are Interested in Alarming the Public—Said Pasha Says he is Doing All he Can.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—The Turkish legation announces the following telegram from the sublime porte under yesterday's date:

All news concerning plots, threatening letters and a supposed dissatisfaction in the ranks of the army and navy is intentionally propagated by well known newspaper correspondents, affiliated with the Armenian committee, to alarm public opinion. As for the oft-repeated assertion of the intended extermination of the Armenians, it is too absurd to be contradicted. The efforts of the imperial government tend, on the contrary, to quell the revolt of the Armenians and to resist their criminal and bloody agitation.

"The Armenian agitation at Diarbekir was on the point of subsiding when the Armenians began again their attacks upon the Mussulmans by throwing bombs at them, and by firing at the Mussulmans at the very time when the latter were calling the faithful to prayers. During the affray fifty Mussulmans and ninety Armenians were killed or wounded.

"Armenian rioters attacked the patrols at Sivrik, killing a few Mussulmans and setting fire to the bazaar.

"Two hundred Armenian revolutionists, having at their head Kevork, chief of the parish of Ferus (Marash), attacked the village of Tchoukour Hissar and killed twelve Mussulmans.

"Some of the agitators were arrested, including part of the Armenian brigades who captured Hadji Passan Ogoun Hissar.

"All news published as to the occurrence of trouble at Adana, Tarsus and Mersine is absolutely without foundation.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard sends an interview with Said Pasha in which he says he could not claim that the Turkish administration was snow white, but it was certainly not as black as it was painted. The ministers, he said, were working hard to carry out the scheme of reforms and counted upon England's generosity not to increase the difficulties by encouraging the revolutionary Armenians, who, instead of being grateful for their concessions that had been made, were in open revolt throughout Asia.

A dispatch to the Standard from Vienna says that it is believed that the changes in the Turkish ministry are intended to appease Mohammedan dissatisfaction, and are not a demonstration against England, although Kiani Pasha, the outgoing grand vizier, was the most pro-English of the Pashas.

## SENSATIONAL DIVORCE.

Waterman Bagley Brings a Suit Against His Titled Wife.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Waterman P. Bagley, the son of a former wealthy Pittsburgh manufacturer, to-day filed a cross bill for divorce from Mrs. Olga Bagley, daughter of the Countess Alberi, of Milan, Italy. The bill sets forth that he and Mrs. Bagley were married at Milan, September 24, 1882, after he had secured a divorce from his wife in this city, which he afterwards found to be irregular. In 1884 the couple came to America and visited his aunt, Mrs. Williams, of this city, to whose influence over the countess he attributes in a large degree the estrangement between himself and wife. The bill also shows that Bagley became ill from the effects of the use of morphine and at one time was confined in the asylum for a short time. He charges his wife with desertion and adultery and with being the mother of a child whose paternity he denies.

## ADMIRAL SHUFELDT DEAD.

He Expires at His Residence in Washington—A Remarkable Career.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—Rear Admiral Robert W. Shufeldt, retired, died at his residence in this city at half-past 10 o'clock this morning after a long illness, following an attack of the grip and an accident while driving about a year ago. He was appointed a midshipman from New York May, 1839, became rear admiral in May, 1883, and retired in 1884. He had a most notable record, having opened Korea to the world by treaty, surveyed the Tehuantepec canal route, and played an important part in the civil war.

## No Truth in It.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Senator Romero, the Mexican minister here, formally denies the accuracy of a published report coming from Texas to the effect that John H. Manley, engineer of the Mexican International Railway, and other Americans were arrested by the Mexican authorities and taken to Monterey in 1899 and afterwards compelled to work in certain alleged coal mines eight or ten miles distant from that city. The minister had the matter carefully investigated by the Mexican government and declares that there is not a shadow of foundation for the story.

## Holds Smith Makes a Decision.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Secretary Smith has rendered a decision constraining a provision in the sundry civil bill of 1894, relative to soldiers' additional home-entitled entries. He reverses a former ruling of the department, and holds that the law intended to validate all such certificates issued.

## Friend Order.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The postoffice department has issued a fraud order against the Heliograph Company, Mrs. Liza Porter, manager, of St. Louis, Mo., charged with running a concern to obtain money under false pretenses.

## OHIO'S TOTAL VOTE

One of the Largest in the History of the State and the Republican Plurality Over Ninety-five Thousand.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—The Republican state committee to-night figured the Republican plurality for governor in Ohio at 95,848. The Democrats carried only twenty-six of the eighty-eight counties in the state. No effort has been made to figure the total vote cast, but it is believed to be one of the largest in the history of the state. The official count will not materially change the net results.

## MCKINLEY AND BRADLEY

Is the Ticket That Enthusiastic Kentuckians Want.

LEWINGTON, KY., Nov. 7.—The Leader, the leading Republican newspaper in Kentucky, always a stalwart supporter of Governor McKinley for the presidency, to-day declares for Governor McKinley for President and Governor-elect Bradley for vice president.

The Leader says: "The overwhelming victory in Ohio under the brilliant leadership of McKinley, Foraker and Bushnell gives a new impetus to the presidential candidacy of William McKinley, and the election of William O. Bradley as the first Republican governor Kentucky has ever had makes him a vice presidential star of the first magnitude. McKinley is the embodiment of the protective tariff principle, and Bradley's election is a triumph for sound money."

## SEVENTEEN THOUSAND

Plurality in What Kentucky Gives and It May Go Over That Figure.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 7.—The returns sent in up to this morning give Bradley a plurality of over 17,000, and the few counties not yet heard from, some seven or eight, including those from which only incomplete returns have been received, are expected to swell the figures above 17,000. The result in the legislature is still doubtful, with the chances in favor of the Republicans on joint ballot. The prospects of Blackburn's return to the senate do not look very good at present.

Unofficial returns show the whole municipal ticket won by the Democrats in Covington, 900 plurality for Hardin, two Democratic representatives elected to the legislature, and one in doubt.

In Campbell county Bradley has 1,100 plurality. Two representatives and one senator have been elected by Republicans, and every city officer elected in Newport is a Republican.

## NINETY-ONE THOUSAND

Is the Plurality by which the Republicans Carried New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Excepting a few counties where scattered districts are unreported, but in each of which close estimate is made, the semi-official returns of this state on the head of the ticket show King (Dem.), 501,959; Palmer (Rep.), 593,746; Palmer's plurality, 91,787.

## UTAH RETURNS

Do Not Change the Result as Announced Yesterday.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Nov. 7.—Political excitement is dying out and normal conditions again prevail. Very little interest is taken in election returns to-day, the result having been so far determined that there is no further question, excepting for some of the minor offices. The vote as far as counted, show Wells, for governor, about 2,300 ahead and Allen, for Congress, about 1,400 ahead. The final count will not vary much from these figures. No further returns have been received to-day, from the legislative ticket.

## QUAY AGAINST CAMERON.

One of his Next Friends Declares for a Philadelphia for Senator.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—Frank Willing Leach has declared for a Philadelphia for United States senator to succeed Senator Cameron. Owing to his closeness to Senator Quay, his declaration is regarded as significant. Mr. Leach took a train to-day for Florida, where he will be Senator Quay's guest for about three weeks. He said: "I have no personal choice, but any one of the following will bring credit to the office, the city and the party, namely: John W. Wamaker, George S. Graham, John Russell Young, Joles Penrose, or Charles C. Harrison."

## STRIKE NOT GROWING

On the Great Northern—Everything at the Point of Trouble Running Smoothly.

ST. PAUL, MINN., November 7.—The Great Northern strike does not seem to be growing very rapidly. To-day new men reached Devil's Lake, the "one point" where there was something of a freight blockade, and on their arrival some of the men who had gone out joined with other old men, and with these new men, all is now going on as usual at this point, though some American Railway Union men claim to be gaining ground.

There may be trouble about to break out at other points, but nothing is known of it here and a large number of men have come here from the east, in charge of detectives, to fill places of the men who might go out. The officials of the road continue to insist that there is no trouble; but the men who favor a strike claim to be in no wise discouraged, but hopeful of winning in the end.

## Christian Workers.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 7.—The ninth annual convention of the Christian workers of the United States opened a seven days' session here to-day with 300 delegates in attendance. The morning session was devoted to brief and informal addresses by the Rev. H. A. Terry, of Chicago, president of the International Christian Workers' Association and chairman of the convention; the Rev. John C. Collins, the secretary, and Mr. Clarke, of the Chicago General Mission.

## Consul Fox Died of Yellow Fever.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 7.—A letter received here from Vice Consul Samuel Gilbrath, at Antigua, West Indies, informs the family of James C. Fox, United States consul at Antigua, who died there recently, that his death was caused by yellow fever, and also contains the statement that there have been a great many deaths from the disease this fall among the white residents.

## MORGAN'S LATEST.

The Great Railroad Reorganizer in Another Deal.

## THE ENTIRE ERIE SYSTEM SOLD

To the Bondholders for Twenty Thousand Dollars Over the Bonded Indebtedness, Which is Seventy-Eight Millions—Intricate and Far-Reaching Reorganization Scheme. A Thorough Rejuvenation of the Whole System—A Rumor Concerning the "Nypano" Road.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Nov. 7.—An evening paper says:

"In the quiet town of Ramapo, N. Y., a stupendous railroad transaction was effected yesterday. The vast Erie system was sold to C. H. Coaster, Louis A. Fitzgerald and Anthony J. Thomas, the reorganization committee, for \$20,000, over and above the bonded indebtedness of the road. The matter was kept a secret and none but the high officials know the time and place of sale.

For many months the Erie has just managed to struggle along under a debt of nearly \$78,000,000. Reasonably bonded it would be a money-maker. To effect this, the services of J. P. Morgan were enlisted and yesterday's sale was the result.

The reorganization scheme is intricate and far reaching. It embraces a thorough rejuvenation of the entire line from New York to Chicago; provides for the cancelling of all present securities by giving the holders stock in the new company; and practically assures the future stability of the road.

The property that was sold is the divisions from New York to Salamanca and from Marion to Chicago. A deal was on foot to effect the proposed sale of the "Nypano" from Salamanca to Marion at the same time, and it is reported that this has been done, but General Manager Tucker, of this city, could not verify the report to-day.

## MRS. GUGAR'S TONGUE.

Other Women Testify That She Uses Severe Language in Her Speeches.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—In the damage suit of Mrs. Helen M. Gugar against Congressman Elijah A. Morse, for alleged libel, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore was called as a witness. She testified that Mrs. Gugar was addicted to severity of speech and often indulged in personalities.

Mrs. Cook, wife of the mayor of Gloucester, Mass., and president of the Woman's Relief Corps, Mrs. M. Ella A. Gleason, national lecturer and organizer of the W. C. T. U., and Mrs. Elizabeth S. Tobey, ex-president Massachusetts W. C. T. U., each gave testimony corroborative of that presented by Mrs. Livermore.

## DURRAN'S CASE.

The Convicted Man May Not Be Sentenced To-day as Expected.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 7.—Theodore Durrant will be taken to court to-morrow ostensibly to be sentenced for the murder of Blanche Lamont. There is little prospect, however, that sentence will then be pronounced. Attorneys for the defense will move for a new trial and this motion will entail a continuance. They will be entitled to two weeks in which to prepare their brief, and it is understood that they will avail themselves of the full period.

## A New Star Dances.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Nov. 7.—The initial performance by Otis Skinner, of Hamlet, to-night at the Duquesne theatre, was warmly received by a large and fashionable audience. The many friends of Mr. Skinner were agreeably surprised at the mastery manner in which the exacting part of the melancholy Dane was rendered and the generous applause was very encouraging. While there were no decided innovations attempted, the trying parts were taken with brilliant effect.

## To Take Strikers' Places.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 7.—One hundred and fifty operatives from Michigan and Wisconsin have arrived at Olneyville to take the places of strikers dropped in the Atlantic mills. As there is no room in the boarding houses or mill tenements, the new arrivals are camped in the big corporation building and fed by a public caterer.

## Dr. Fraker Won't Bother.

EXCELSIOR SPRING, MO., November 7.—A new difficulty in Dr. Fraker's bond has come up. One of the bondsmen refused to qualify at the last moment, and others who had signed were reported not to be eligible. The doctor's friends said here to-day: "He will probably not bother any more about giving bail but will remain in jail until his trial next February."

## Heir to the Antrim Estate.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Nov. 7.—William Earl Antrim, aged sixteen, an apprentice in the plumbing establishment of Tebeau & Quinn in this city, is said to be heir to the title and fortunes of the Irish Antrims. It is claimed for him by those who have ample proof, that his father was Earl Antrim, who died recently, leaving an estate worth \$80,000,000.

## An Iron Ring Found.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Nov. 7.—George H. Sherman, of Fort Henry, expired there suddenly with heart disease last night. He was a member of the Iron firm of Sherman, Witherbee & Co., of that place, and was the richest iron man in northern New York, being worth \$10,000,000.

## Got Their Prize.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Lord Raleigh and Prof. Ramsey called at the United States embassy to-day and Mr. James R. Roosevelt, secretary of the embassy, presented them with a check for \$10,000, with which the Smithsonian Institution has awarded them as the first Hodgkin's prize for their paper on argon, the new element discovered by Lord Raleigh.

## FORTY WERE KILLED.

The Death List at Detroit Continues to Grow—The Explosion in the Journal Office Caused by a Careless Engineer.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 7.—The work of rescuing bodies of the victims of Wednesday's explosion in the Journal building went steadily on all day and to-night. The list of missing decreases about correspondingly with the number of dead bodies taken out. Over thirty dead bodies have now been recovered and identified, but the number changes frequently on account of new and ghastly discoveries brought to light in the ruins. The number killed will approximate forty. To-day's developments demonstrate conclusively that negligent care of the boilers was the cause of the catastrophe.

Official inspectors and competent engineers examined portions of the wrecked boilers to-day and pronounced the cause as low water, causing a superheated condition of the flues, which was followed by the dangerous injection of cold water. Engineer Thompson's carelessness is strongly condemned. The engineer of the Free Press building states that he had previously warned Thompson against leaving his boilers without having any assistant to watch them. Some occupants of the building give similar testimony. Thompson insists that he saw both boilers ten minutes before the explosion, and that they contained plenty of water and sixty-five pound pressure of steam. The portion of the building still standing was officially examined to-day and found to be out of plumb, wrenched by the shock and otherwise defective. It will doubtless be condemned.

In addition to the list of dead sent in these dispatches last night the following have been added:

Adolph Schrieber, jr., bookbinder, in Hiller's bindery.

John Gordon, electrotypist, Evening Journal.

Kittie Leonard.

M. Rosa Morgan.

John Breitenbecher.

Unknown man.

Jennie Niebauer, sixteen years old, employed in Hiller's bindery.

Bertha Weidbusch, nineteen years old.

Ernest Parkins, assistant mailing clerk, Journal.

Emma Lichtenberg, employe Hiller's bindery.

Rose Bretz, remains frightfully burned and mutilated.

Catherine Hiller, forewoman Hiller's bindery.

Loe Fretz, employe Dunlap & Co.

Anna Wiedbusch, employe Hiller's bindery.

John F. Derby, carpenter.

Joseph Bradley, carpenter.

George J. Hiller, proprietor Hiller's bindery.

## THE COLT DIVORCE CASE.

The Colonel's Application for a Stay Refused by the Court.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 7.—The application of Francis Caldwell, counsel for Colonel S. P. Colt, for a stay of proceedings in the taking of depositions of witnesses in behalf of Mrs. Colt in her suit for divorce, has been denied by Judge Stines. Colonel Colt's attorneys were notified that depositions would be taken at North Downey, N. H., to-morrow. A stay was at once asked for on the ground of insufficient notice and the great inconvenience counsel for respondent would be put to in going to the place named. The judge's action is claimed to be of great benefit to Mrs. Colt, as by the taking of testimony at once she will have the benefit of some depositions it would have been impossible to obtain had the delay asked for been granted.

Rathbone Gardner, who represents Mrs. Colt, Frank Caldwell, who represents Colonel Colt, and Samuel R. Honey, of Newport, who is one of the counsel for J. J. Van Allen in the \$200,000 suit brought by Colonel Colt for alleged alienation of Mrs. Colt's affections, all left for North Conway this morning.

## INTER-SEMINARY ALLIANCE.

The Annual Convention in Session at Lancaster, Pa.

LANCASTER, PA., Nov. 7.—The sixteenth annual convention of the American Inter-Seminary Missionary Alliance convened here this afternoon and will remain in session until Sunday evening. The alliance is the outcome of a movement which originated in the year 1879 among the students of Princeton Theological Seminary for the purpose of spreading a broader intelligence and a deeper interest in the work of foreign and home missions.

The delegates were welcomed to-day on behalf of the theological seminary of the Reformed church by Rev. E. V. Goriart, D. D., L. L. D., and on behalf of the churches of the city by Rev. B. F. Albemarle, D. D. The rest of the afternoon meeting was occupied by devotional exercises and the reading of the report of the executive committee. The alliance is not composed of thirty-five of the leading theological institutions in the country representing nine denominations as follows:

Baptist, Congregational, Episcopal, Lutheran, Methodist Episcopal, Moravian, Presbyterian, Reformed and United Brethren.

## CHURCH EXTENSION

Society of the M. E. Church in Session at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—The church extension society of the Methodist Episcopal church began its session here to-day with fourteen bishops and about forty laymen in attendance. The report of the board of extension showed receipts on the general fund available for donations to needy churches during the past year to have been \$171,337. On the loan fund the receipts were \$245,438. Loans returned by churches which had been helped amounted to \$31,000, which the report said was a most encouraging feature. There was a decrease of sixty in the number of churches aided last year, and 234 below the year previous.

## He of Tibet Halted.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Hawley, the alleged hotel thief, who was arrested to-day, is said to be wanted in New York, Cleveland, Omaha and other places. He was to-day held in \$1,000 bonds for ten days continuance. The police here say that he has stolen several thousand dollars worth of jewelry and other valuables from guests of the various hotels in

which he has been employed. The New York authorities telegraphed that they have sent a man to take Hawley back to that city.

## SYMPATHY FOR CUBA

Expressed by War Veterans of Both the North and South—Strong Resolutions. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Nov. 7.—A meeting of Cuban sympathizers was held at the court house to-night which was called by the state camp Confederate Veterans and the G. A. R. The most significant part of the proceedings was the adoption of resolutions offered by the confederate camp, which pledged the confederate soldiers to maintain by arms if necessary the rights of the American people in any conflict with any foreign nation, and claiming that the principles embodied in the declaration of independence give to the Cuban people the right to throw off the Spanish yoke and to be recognized as belligerents. The resolution adopted is as follows:

"We deny to our present executive the right of espionage on our people to prevent them as individuals from aiding the Cuban people in this war against Spain.

"The constitution of the United States was in a large part the work of Virginians. The declaration of independence was the work of a great Virginian. The acquisition of Florida, Texas, California and the adjoining territory was the outcome of politics. The flag of this union is our flag. The honor of America is in part in our keeping, and we will defend it against all foreign nations, against executive usurpation or neglect, indifference or timidity, or betrayal of trust."

## Recruits for Cuba.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Nov. 7.—The Poles of this city have started a movement looking toward the sending of about 300 recruits to join the Cuban army. The force will be composed entirely of Poles, mostly from Cleveland, Chicago and Buffalo. A meeting will be held here November 14, when it is proposed to formulate plans for getting the men to Cuba.

## CUBAN REBELLION.

The Usual "Office" Reports Give the Insurgents the Worst of It.

HAVANA, Nov. 7.—An important engagement occurred yesterday at Cayo Espino, near the border between Santa Clara and Matanzas, in the southern part of the island. The column of troops commanded by Colonel Luisina, the forces of the civil guard and a battalion of the Maria Cristina regiment had an engagement with the insurgent bands of Lacerat Nunez and Peregrino Perez. The action was fiercely contested and lasted from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until into the night.

Official reports state that under cover of the darkness the insurgents fled. This morning it was found that they had left upon the field thirty killed and a large number of wounded. The reports state that the troops lost on their side one officer and seven soldiers killed and a number wounded. Details of the fight are very meagre, and nothing is known of the relative positions of the contestants since the battle.

It is also reported that the insurgents have burned a church and thirteen houses at the village of Guanama, in the eastern part of the province of Matanzas.

On the plantation of Penon, in the district of Guanamo, the chairman of an automobile club and four others have been arrested for political activity.

## DIDN'T GET THE ARMS.

But Cortina Forced Gonzales to Exhibit the White Flag.

TAMPA, FLA., Nov. 7.—Authentic correspondence from Cuba to-night brings copies of the following letters:

"Army of Liberty of Cuba, Third Brigade, on the outskirts of Sagua.

"Mr. Ramon Gonzalez, Sanlo:

"DEAR SIR:—It is necessary that you forth with obtain for me fifteen carbines, with sufficient ammunition. It will not be difficult for you to obtain them, and if you do not comply with this request in a very few days I will be obliged to reduce to ashes the city in which you reside. I believe that you will not oblige me to take such harsh measures, which will entail so much damage. Answer soon as you can.

"FERNANDO CORTINA,"

"Chief of the Territory."

The following answer was sent immediately:

"The arms and ammunition, which are in charge of a Spaniard like myself, are loaded to be used on all traitors against the flag of my nation."

"RAMON GONZALEZ."

Upon receipt of this Cortina assembled his force and approached that fort. Gonzales appeared with a white flag and asked for a consultation. The commanders had a lengthy interview. Afterwards Cortina withdrew without obtaining the arms.

## FIVE BEHEADED.

The Leaders in the La O V vegetarian Massacre Are Executed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A cablegram to the World from Foo Chow, China, says the five vegetarian leaders in the massacre of missionaries at Hwasang were publicly beheaded here at 9 o'clock this morning.

Before they were put to death, there was an imposing ceremony in a tent on the execution grounds.

The members of the American and British consular commission, who went to Ku Cheng to watch the trials, the Chinese prefect of the province, two native magistrates and many Americans and Europeans were present. There was a procession to the execution grounds, arranged to impress the natives.

Arrests of persons implicated in the massacre continue to be made at Ku-Cheng.

## ENGLAND MUANS BUSINESS

And Will Send an Expedition Against the King of Ashanti.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Chronicle is officially informed that the war office has arranged for an expedition to Ashanti. This leaves no further doubt of the accuracy of the report from Accra, on the gold coast of Africa, which was received exclusively by the Associated Press on October 31, that the king of Ashanti had declined the ultimatum offered to him by Great Britain, that he should place Ashanti under British protection.

## VERY WARM ROAST

Of the Secretary of Cardinal Satolli by Factionists.

## STATEMENTS PRONOUNCED FALSE

By Fathers Fitzgerald and Murphy. Incidentally They Condemn the Conduct of Satolli Himself and Denounce the Attitude of Bishop Bonacom—The Priests Assert That They Have Not Been Charged With Unpriestly Conduct—A Severe Indictment.

OMAHA, NEB., Nov. 7.—The following open letter to the editor of the Bee from Rev. Fathers Fitzgerald and Murphy, the Nebraska Catholic priests leading the faction, which has had so much trouble with Bishop Bonacom, was made public to-day:

"Our attention has been called to an interview given through Dr. Rooker, secretary of the apostolic delegate, to your Washington correspondent and published in last Sunday's Bee. In this interview Dr. Rooker makes gratuitous and false statements relative to the present difficulties of the Lincoln diocese. It becomes him to thrust himself in so frivolous a manner into this controversy, in which other priests who are as virtuous and learned as he, and more highly esteemed by their fellow citizens, regardless of creeds, than he may ever hope to aspire to be, are contending against immense odds for the fair and impartial hearing which the church guarantees to every one.

"In this matter there is crime now and never has been any crime charged against us by any authority, civil or ecclesiastical. Therefore, the language used by the Rev. Dr. Rooker, calling us 'recalcitrants' and 'obstreperous' priests is most indecent and unbecoming the dignity of a secretary of a cardinal and an apostolic delegate. This language is on a par with the shameful accusations published recently by Bishop Bonacom in the St. Louis Republic, in which, by insinuation, he asserts we are men of 'licentious lives.'

"Our fellow citizens in the west, and especially in Nebraska, feel aggrieved at this unbecoming manner of impeding the beneficent action of the church, and in depriving men useful to mankind of their inherent rights. Yet, we are not surprised at this conduct of Rev. Dr. Rooker, since he impeaches the integrity of Mgr. Satolli himself in the following:

"Monsignor Satolli informed Bishop Bonacom that he would have to proceed against these recalcitrants under the laws of the council of Baltimore, and subject them to trial for alleged disobedience of church law, etc."

"Here we see the judge of appeal acting as counsellor against the defendants. Nor does he stop here, but insults the dignity of the state of Nebraska by directing the tyrannous bishop of Lincoln to invoke the civil law and dislodge them, 'just as I would do if a tenant failed to pay rent for my house in which he lived.'"

## THE IRON TRADE.

Extreme Quietness During the Past Week. A Waiting Tendency.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Nov. 7.—The American Manufacturer and Iron World will say to-morrow:

The most prominent feature of the iron and steel market during the past week was its extreme quietness. In all lines of the trade a general waiting tendency seems to be shown and nobody is inclined to move. It was the general impression a week ago that higher prices would be the next move, but these anticipations have not been realized, as conditions remain about as they were, with perhaps less doing.

Pig iron is weaker, although no material change has occurred. Grey Forge is quoted at \$12.50 a 2 7/8; No. 1 Foundry \$14.75 a 100; Charcoal, coal blast \$24.00. For manufactured iron and steel the mills are still fully employed on old orders and new ones are small, best buck bar \$1.40 a 100; common iron \$1.35 a 100; steel bar \$1.35 a 100. Steel rails are steady at \$28.00.